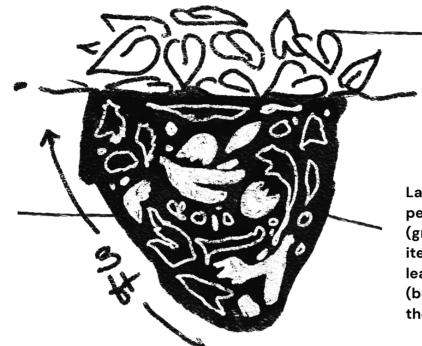
## Composting

Service Service



Dry Grass and Leaves as Cover

Layers of vegetable peels or dung (greens) and dry items like dried leaves or stems (browns) one after the other.

## How to prepare:

 Collect waste (peels, leftovers), cow dung, dry leaves, straw, and crop residue.

Pit

- 2. Dig a shallow pit (2–3 ft deep).
- Layer "greens"
   (vegetable peels, dung) and "browns"
   (dry leaves, stems).
- 4. Keep moist and cover with dry grass/jute sack.

## Usage:

- 1. Apply compost directly to soil around plants.
- 2. Use before sowing seeds or during crop growth.

## Why do farmers love it?

- Made from farm and kitchen waste, meaning zero cost.
- 2. Enriches soil naturally so, better yields.
- 3. Reduces dependence on chemical fertilizers.
- 4. Safe for soil, crops, and family health.